

## Very narrow quantum OBDDs and width hierarchies for classical OBDDs

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### Abstract

© 2016, Pleiades Publishing, Ltd. In the paper we investigate Ordered Binary Decision Diagrams (OBDDs)—a model for computing Boolean functions. We present a series of results on the comparative complexity for several variants of OBDD models. • We present results on the comparative complexity of classical and quantum OBDDs. We consider a partial function depending on a parameter  $k$  such that for any  $k > 0$  this function is computed by an exact quantum OBDD of width 2, but any classical OBDD (deterministic or stable bounded-error probabilistic) needs width  $2k+1$ . • We consider quantum and classical nondeterminism. We show that quantum nondeterminism can be more efficient than classical nondeterminism. In particular, an explicit function is presented that is computed by a quantum nondeterministic OBDD of constant width but any classical nondeterministic OBDD for this function needs non-constant width. • We also present new hierarchies on widths of deterministic and nondeterministic OBDDs.

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### Keywords

nondeterminism, OBDD, partial functions, quantum computation, width hierarchy