

Angle-resolved specific heat in iron-based superconductors: The case for a nodeless extended s-wave gap

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Abstract

We consider the variation in the field-induced component of the specific heat $C(H)$ with the direction of the applied field in Fe pnictides within quasiclassical Doppler-shift approximation with special emphasis to recent experiments on FeSe_{0.4}Te_{0.6}. We show that for extended s-wave gap with no nodes, $C(H)$ has \cos^4 component, where θ is the angle between H and the direction between hole and electron Fermi surfaces. The maxima of $C(H)$ are at $\pi/4, 3\pi/4$, etc., if the applied field is smaller than $H_0 \leq 1T$, and at $\theta=0, \pi/2$, etc., if the applied field is larger than H_0 . The angle dependence of $C(H)$, the positions of the maxima, and the relative magnitude of the oscillating component are consistent with the experiments performed in the field of $9TH_0$. We show that the observed \cos^4 variation does not hold if the s-wave gap has accidental nodes along the two electron Fermi surfaces. © 2010 The American Physical Society.

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevB.82.060504>
